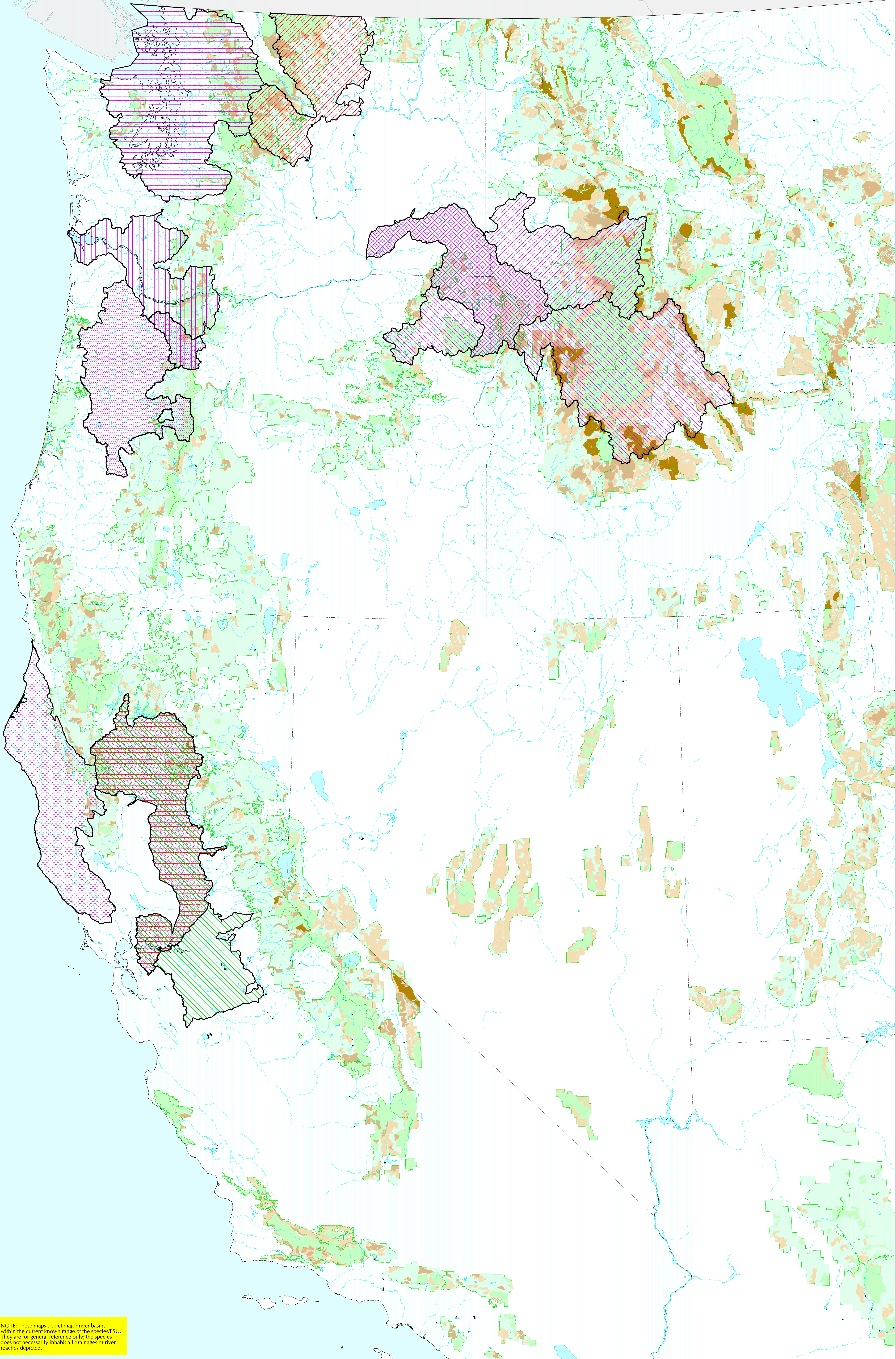




Evolutionarily Significant Units Of Chinook Salmon

(Does not include "Not Warranted" ESUs)



LEGEND

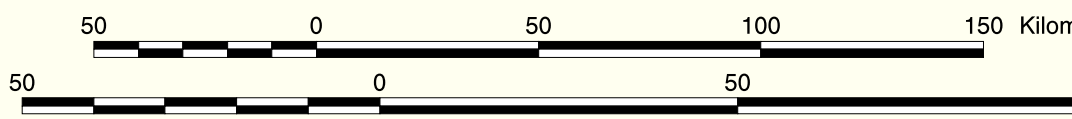
Evolutionarily Significant Unit (ESU) and Status

- Central Valley Spring (T)
- California Coastal (T)
- Central Valley Fall (C)
- Lower Columbia River (T)
- Puget Sound (T)
- Sacramento Winter (E)
- Snake River Fall (T)
- Snake River Spring/Summer (T)
- Upper Columbia River Spring (E)
- Upper Willamette River (T)

(C) Candidate, (E) Endangered, (T) Threatened
(Does not include "Not Warranted" ESUs)

National Forest System

- Inventoried Roadless Area where road construction or reconstruction is allowed
- Inventoried Roadless Area where road construction or reconstruction is not allowed
- Inventoried Roadless Area where road construction or reconstruction is not allowed, and the forest plan recommends as wilderness
- Designated Areas outside of Inventoried Roadless Areas
- National Forest System land outside of Inventoried Roadless Areas - not all private land is shown on the map



Credits:

Final Inventoried Roadless Area Dataset supplied by individual National Forests and Grasslands (August 2000). For further information, contact individual administrative unit offices or visit the Forest Service web site at: <http://www.fs.fed.us/>

Evolutionarily Significant Unit data provided by NOAA - National Marine Fisheries Service. For further information contact Steve Stone, NMFS Portland Office: Steve.Stone@noaa.gov - (503) 231-2317 <http://www.nwr.noaa.gov/salmon/salmesa/maps/wlc.htm>

The USDA Forest Service uses the most current and complete data available. GIS data and product accuracy may vary. Using GIS products for purposes other than those for which they were intended may yield inaccurate or misleading results. The USDA Forest Service reserves the right to correct, update, modify, or replace GIS products without notification.

UTM Zone 11 Projection
August 11, 2000

NOTE: These maps depict major river basins within the current known range of the species/ESU. They are for general reference only; the species does not necessarily inhabit all drainages or river reaches depicted.